LEVEL 14

IESIT®

ON THE OWA TESTS OF BASIC SKILLS®



Test Best

on the Iowa Tests of Basic Skills

Level 14

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Unit	1	Vocabulary	1
Unit	2	Reading Comprehension	3
Unit	3	Spelling	13
		Language Mechanics	
		Language Expression	
		Math Concepts and Estimation	
		Math Problems	
Unit	8	Math Computation	41
		Maps and Diagrams	
		Reference Materials	
Comprehensive Tests		63	
		Sheet	

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In this passage from her autobiography, Helen Keller, who could not see, hear, or speak, describes her first months with her teacher, Anne Sullivan.

The morning after my teacher came she led me into her room and gave me a doll. When I had played with it a little while, Miss Sullivan slowly spelled into my hand the word "d-o-l-l." I was at once interested in this finger play and tried to imitate it. When I finally succeeded in making the letters correctly, I was flushed with childish pleasure and pride. Running downstairs to my mother, I held up my hand and made the letters for doll. I did not know that I was spelling a word or even that words existed; I was simply making my fingers go in monkey-like imitation. In the days that followed, I learned to spell in this uncomprehending way a great many words, among them pin, hat, cup and a few verbs like sit, stand, and walk. But my teacher had been with me several weeks before I understood that everything has a name.

One day, while I was playing with my new doll, Miss Sullivan put a big rag doll into my lap also, spelled "d-o-l-l" and tried to make me understand that "d-o-l-l" applied to both. Earlier in the day we had had a tussle over the words "m-u-g" and "w-a-t-e-r." Miss Sullivan had tried to impress it upon me that "m-u-g" is mug and "w-a-t-e-r" is water, but I persisted in confounding the two. In despair she had dropped the subject for the time, only to renew it at the first opportunity. I became impatient at her repeated attempts and, seizing the new doll, I dashed it upon the floor. I was keenly delighted when I felt the fragments of the broken doll at my feet. Neither sorrow nor regret followed my passionate outburst. I had not loved the doll. In the still, dark world in which I lived there was no strong sentiment of tenderness. I felt my teacher sweep the fragments to one side of the hearth, and I had a sense of satisfaction that the cause of my discomfort was removed. She brought me my hat, and I knew I was going out into the warm sunshine. This thought, if a wordless sensation may be called a thought, made me hop and skip with pleasure.

We walked down the path to the well-house, attracted by the fragrance of the honeysuckle with which it was covered. Someone was drawing water and my teacher placed my hand under the spout. As the cool stream gushed over one hand she spelled into the other the word water, first slowly, then rapidly. Suddenly I felt a misty consciousness as of something forgotten—a thrill of returning thought; and somehow the mystery of language was revealed to me. I knew then that "w-a-t-e-r" meant the wonderful cool something that was flowing over my hand. That living word awakened my soul, gave it light, hope, joy, set it free!

I left the well-house eager to learn. Everything had a name, and each name gave birth to a new thought. As we returned to the house every object which I touched seemed to quiver with life. That was because I saw everything with the strange, new sight that had come to me. On entering the door I remembered the doll I had broken. I felt my way to the hearth and picked up the pieces. I tried vainly to put them together. Then my eyes filled with tears; for I realized what I had done, and for the first time I felt repentance and sorrow.

- 4 How did Anne Sullivan spell words to the author?
 - J With chalk
 - K With her voice
 - L With her fingers
 - M With a doll
- 5 Why did the author throw her doll on the floor?
 - A She disliked the doll.
 - B She was tired of the lesson and wanted to go outside.
 - C She wanted to hear the doll break.
 - D She did not understand what Anne Sullivan was trying to teach her.
- 6 With which word did the author learn to understand language?
 - J Water
 - K Mug
 - L Pin
 - M Doll
- 7 What does the word "outburst" in the second paragraph mean?
 - A A feeling of happiness
 - B Pieces of a broken doll
 - C A disagreement
 - D. A sudden show of strong feeling

- 8 What did the author learn when she and Anne Sullivan went to the well-house?
 - J That everything has a name
 - K How to spell the word water
 - L Why she should not break her dolls
 - M How to operate the pump
- 9 What does the author mean when she says that she had gained a "strange, new sight"?
 - A She could see shapes and knew that her vision was returning.
 - B Learning how to spell the word water made her feel guilty.
 - C She was able to foretell the future.
 - D Language enabled her to understand the world around her.
- 10 What is the main idea of the fourth paragraph?
 - J The author is sorry she broke the doll.
 - K Language is important to human thought.
 - L The author's life has been changed forever.
 - M The author wants to put the doll back together.
- 11 Which word best describes Anne Sullivan?
 - A Patient
 - B Lazy
 - C Discouraged
 - D Inconsiderate

GO ON

5

Spelling

Lesson 3: Identifying Word Spellings

Directions: Darken the circle for the word that is not spelled correctly. Darken the circle for No mistakes if all the words are spelled correctly.

TRY THIS

Decide which words you know are spelled correctly. Then look at the remaining words to make your choice. Be sure to look at all of the words.

S1 A anniversary

subscription

campaign

incert

(No mistakes)

THINK IT THROUGH

The correct answer is D. The word incert is spelled incorrectly. The correct

spelling is <u>i-n-s-e-r-t</u>. Notice that a c is used instead of an s in the answer choice. The other choices are spelled correctly.

STOP

1 A pantomime

contrary.

C withold

D juvenile

E (No mistakes)

ecstacy

K maximum

L consumer

M pastel

N (No mistakes)

3

2

eliminate

legibal B

poisonous

guidance

(No mistakes)

maroon

defv

L recognition

M upolster

N (No mistakes)

A baricade

questionnaire

C insignificant

D patient

(No mistakes)

J clamor

K geometry

L fortifyed

M sterling

N (No mistakes)

A ointment

B rightious

C calamity

D garlic

(No mistakes)

aloof

K thorough

L scandal

M veneer

N (No mistakes)

9

poisonous

accessory

analize C

calories

(No mistakes)

STOP

Level 14

Answers 6 (J (K (L) (M. N) 8 J K L M N SIABCDE 2JKLMN 4 (J (K) (L) (M) (N) 9 A B C D E 5 A B C D E - 7 A B C D E 1 A B C O E 3 A B C O E

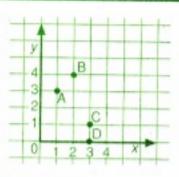
Lesson 14: Analyzing Graphs

Directions: Darken the circle for the correct answer.

TRY

Use the coordinate plane shown to answer each question.

S1



Name the point with coordinates (1, 3) in the figure.

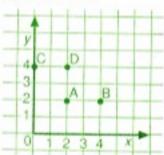
- A Point A
- B Point B
- C Point C
- D Point D

THINK IT THROUGH

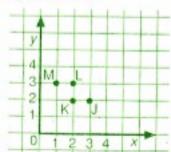
The correct answer is \underline{A} . First, start at the origin and move right 1 unit along the x-axis. Next, move up vertically 3 units. You will be at Point \underline{A} on the coordinate plane.

STOP

1 What are the two coordinates of point B in the figure below?

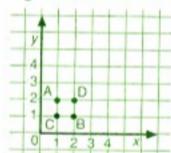


- A (2, 2)
- C (4, 2)
- B (2, 4)
- D (4,0)
- Name the point with coordinates (2, 3) in the figure below.

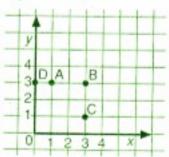


- J Point J
- L Point L
- K Point K
- M Point M

Name the point with coordinates (1, 2) in the figure below.



- A Point A
- C Point C
- B Point B
- D Point D
- What are the two coordinates of point A in the figure below?



- J (1, 3)
- L (3, 3)
- K (3, 1)
- M (0, 3)

Answers

- 1 A B C D
- 2 J K C M
- 4 0 8 0 0

STOP Level 14

Unit 8 Test

S1

A 11,904 3689 11,994 В +8315 C 12,004

> N D

5 12.480 - 0.165 =

A 12.314

B 12.324

12.646 C

D·N

STOP

For questions 1-22, darken the circle for the correct answer. Darken the circle for N if the answer is not given. Reduce answers that are fractions to lowest terms.

1

$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{6}{5} + \frac{1}{5} =$$

B 1

2 C

DN

2

0.171

0.728

0.828

MN

3

A 0.0112

B 0.112

11.2 C

D N

4

0.382

K 1.3

13.0

MN

$$4\frac{1}{4}$$
 $-3\frac{3}{4}$

J

 $K 1 \frac{1}{2}$

L 8

MN

7

6

A 0.069

B 0.69

6.9

DN

8

$$20 - \frac{1}{4} =$$

J 1

K 5

L 19 3

MN

9

$$\frac{6}{8} - \frac{2}{3} =$$

A 12

12 B C

DN

10

1527

K 2527

L 3003

MN

GO ON

Answers

S1 A B C D 1 A B C D 3 A B C D 4 0 K L M

6 0 8 0 M 7 A B C D 10 0 K C M

9 A B O O

Level 14

2 0 K L M

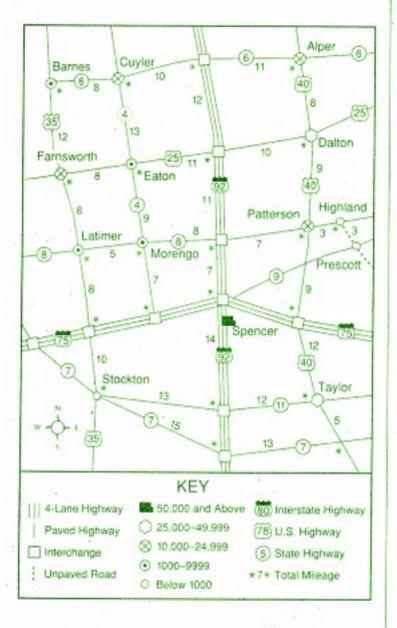
5 A B C D

8 0 B B B

- S1 What is the shortest route from Cuyler to Latimer?
 - A Highway 4 and then Highway 8
 - B Highway 4, Highway 25, and then Highway 35
 - C Highway 6 and then Highway (35)
 - D Highway 6, Interstate 92, and then Highway 8

STOP

Use the maps shown here to answer questions S1-4.





- 1 How many miles is Eaton from the nearest interchange on Interstate 92?
 - A 8 miles
 - B 11 miles
 - C 28 miles
 - D 35 miles
- Which street should you take from Spencer to travel to Prescott on Highway 9?
 - J 2nd Avenue
 - K Garner Street
 - L 4th Boulevard
 - M 1st Avenue
- 3 Where would this sign be found?

← Morengo 15 miles

- A At the Interstate 92 interchange with Highway 8
- B At the junction of Highways 40 and 8
- C At the junction of Highways (35) and (8)
- D At the Interstate (75) interchange with Highway (35)
- When traveling to Eaton from Latimer, how many miles are saved by going through Morengo rather than Farnsworth?
 - J · 2 miles

L 9 miles

K 8 miles

M 16 miles

GO ON